

Officer's Report

Application Number	HGY/2022/3883
Type	Lawful development: Proposed use
Location	21, Sperling Road, Tottenham, London, N17 6UQ
Proposal	The proposed loft conversion is only a roof extension to a residential family dwelling house volume under 40m ³ which is under permitted development, see enclosed plans, the development is only a roof extension and does not relate to any other floors all other floors are existing. The existing extension roof proposed does not exceed the highest point of the existing roof height of the existing roof and accords with Class B of the GPDO 2015.
Case Officer	Zara Seelig
Valid Date	24/10/2022
Applicant	Mr Edward Riley
Agent	Mr Edward Riley

RECOMMENDATION

Refuse

Recommendation

REFUSE CERTIFICATE

Relevant Planning and Enforcement history

HGY/2008/2233 – Erection of dormer window with insertion of 2 x velux windows to front elevation. – Refused

HGY/2009/0456 – Erection of single storey rear extension and retrospective planning permission for the rear dormer window to facilitate loft conversion. – Granted permission

Details of Proposal

The proposed loft conversion is only a roof extension to a residential family dwelling house volume under 40m³ which is under permitted development, see enclosed plans, the development is only a roof extension and does not relate to any other floors all other floors are existing. The existing extension roof proposed does not exceed the highest point of the existing roof height of the existing roof and accords with Class B of the GPDO 2015.

Relevant Planning Legislation

The application has been made under section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and relevant amendments. This not a planning application but instead the applicant seeks confirmation that the proposed development is lawful. As such, the impact of the

proposed development of the neighbour's amenities or the character of the area cannot be taken into consideration for this submission.

Analysis/Assessment of the Application

Class B: The enlargement of a dwellinghouse consisting of an addition or alteration to its roof.

A certificate of lawfulness for a formation of rear dormer and hip to gable extension can be issued if the proposal meets all the criteria under The Town and Country Planning (Generally Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 – Part 1, Class B 'The enlargement of a dwellinghouse consisting of an addition or alteration to its roof'.

The current proposal will be assessed against these requirements as follows:

Class B.1. Requirement

a) permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has not been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use);

Comment: It was not
Complies: Yes

b) The height of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would not exceed the height of the highest part of the roof of the existing dwellinghouse.

Comment: The proposed hip to gable extension and rear dormer does not exceed the highest part of the existing roof
Complies: Yes

c) The enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would not extend beyond the plane of any existing roof slope which forms the principal elevation of the dwellinghouse and fronts a highway.

Comment: The extensions do not extend beyond a principle roofslope fronting a highway.
Complies: Yes

d) The cubic content of the resulting roof space would not exceed the cubic content of the original roof space by more than

- i) 40 cubic metres in the case of a terrace house
- ii) 50 cubic metres in any other case;

Comment: Volume calculations are as follows:

Existing box dormer – $3.27 \times 4.6 \times 2.2 = 33.09 \div 2 = 16.55\text{m}^3$

Dormer extension over existing outrigger – $3.5 \times 3 \times 1.6 = 16.8\text{m}^3$

$-3.5 \times 3 \times 1.5 = 15.75 \div 2 = 7.88\text{m}^3$

Combined total increase in volume: $16.55 + 16.8 + 7.88 = 41.23 \text{ m}^3$

Complies: No, the increase would exceed the permitted 40m³ due to the application dwelling being a terraced house.

e) it would not consist of or include—

(i) the construction or provision of a veranda, balcony or raised platform, or

(ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe

Comment: It does not include any of those stated

Complies: Yes

f) The dwellinghouse is not on article 2(3) land.

Comment: it is not

Complies: Yes

Development is permitted by Class B subject to the following conditions:

B.2. Conditions

(a) The materials used in any exterior work must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwellinghouse.

Comment: The materials are of a similar appearance to those existing.

(b) The enlargement must be constructed so that—

(i) other than in the case of a hip-to-gable enlargement or an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension— (aa) the eaves of the original roof are maintained or reinstated; and

(bb) the edge of the enlargement closest to the eaves of the original roof is, so far as practicable, not less than 0.2 metres from the eaves, measured along the roof slope from the outside edge of the eaves; and

(ii) other than in the case of an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension, no part of the enlargement extends beyond the outside face of any external wall of the original dwellinghouse

Comment: The proposed dormer is set back from the eaves by 0.2m.

Any upper-floor window located in a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse shall be—

(i) obscure-glazed, and

(ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.

Comment: There are no proposed windows in the side elevation.

Class C: Any other alteration to the roof of a dwellinghouse

A certificate Lawfulness for a can be issued if the proposal meets all the criteria under The Town and Country Planning (Generally Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 – Part 1, Class C ‘Any other alteration to the roof of a dwellinghouse’.

The current proposal will be assessed against these requirements as follows:

Class C.1. Requirement

(a) permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has not been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use);

Comment: It was not
Complies: Yes

b) The alteration would not protrude more than 150 millimetres beyond the plane of the slope of the original roof when measured from the perpendicular with the external surface of the original roof.

Comment: The proposed rooflights do not protrude more than 150mm.
Complies: Yes

c) It would not result in the highest part of the alteration being higher than the highest part of the original roof.

Comment: The proposed rooflights do not exceed the highest part of the existing roof
Complies: Yes

d) It would not consist of or include—
(i) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe, or
(ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of solar photovoltaics or solar thermal equipment.

Comment: It does not include any of those stated
Complies: Yes

Development is permitted by Class C subject to the following conditions.

C.2. Conditions:

Any window located on a roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse shall be—
(i) obscure-glazed, and
(ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed;

Comment:

There are no proposed windows in the side elevations.

CIL Applicable

The increase in internal floor area would not exceed 100sqm and therefore the proposal is not liable for the Major's CIL charge.

Summary and Conclusion

The proposed development does not constitute permitted development by virtue of Schedule 2, Part 1, Classes B and C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 and is considered to be unlawful.

Recommendation

Refuse Certificate

In pursuance of their powers under the above Acts and Order the London Borough of Haringey as local planning Authority hereby CERTIFY that the above proposal described by the applicant does not constitute PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT and is therefore UNLAWFUL

Refusal Reasons:

In pursuance of their powers under the above Acts and Order the London Borough of Haringey as local planning Authority hereby CERTIFY that the above proposal described by the applicant does not constitute PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT and is therefore UNLAWFUL