

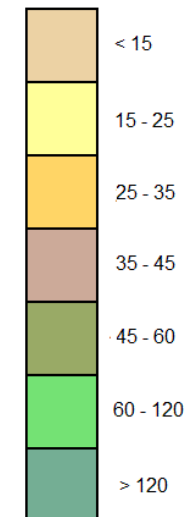
General

Specified Site Specified Buffer(s) Bearing Reference Point

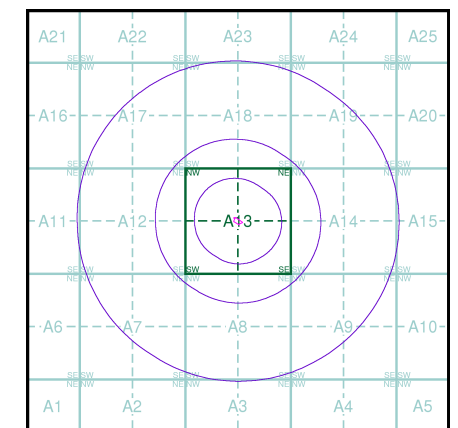
Urban Soil Chemistry Arsenic

BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Measured Concentration Values (mg/kg)

Arsenic Concentrations mg/kg



Urban Soil Chemistry Arsenic - Slice A

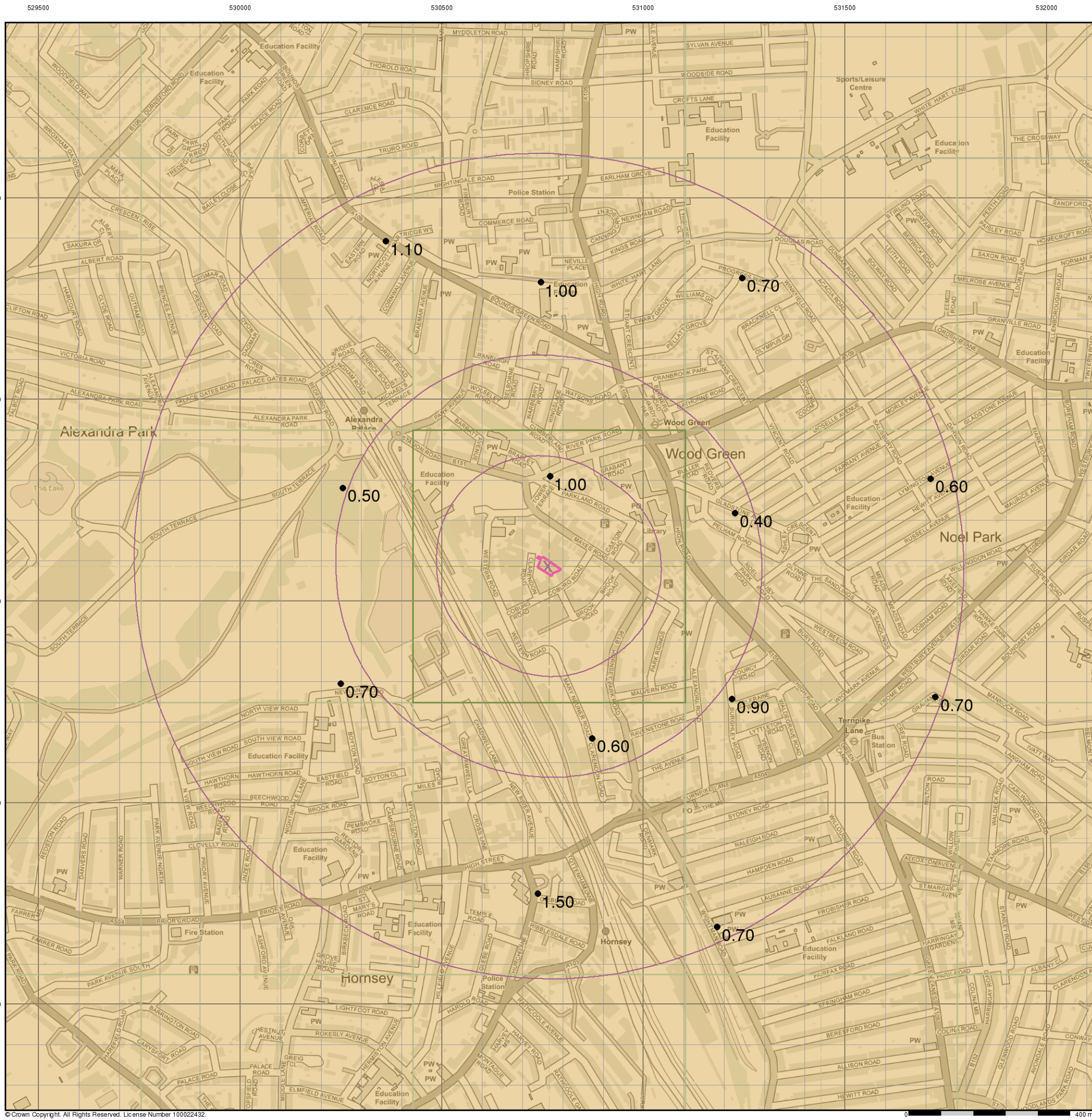


Order Details

Order Details: 346821953_1_1
Customer Ref: 21467/ML
National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 0.14
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Jane How Ltd, Parma House, Clarendon Road, LONDON, N22 6UL



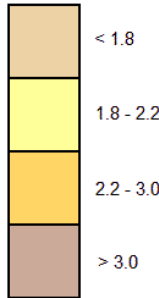
General

- Specified Site
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- Bearing Reference Point

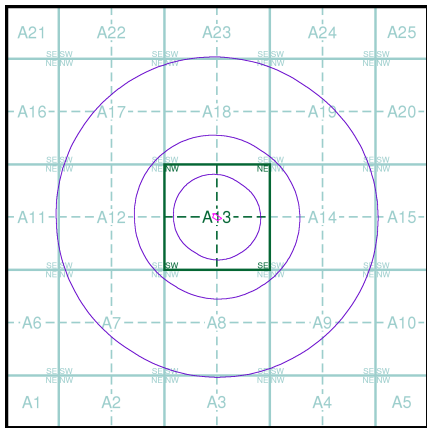
Urban Soil Chemistry Cadmium

BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Measured Concentration Values (mg/kg)

Cadmium Concentrations mg/kg



Urban Soil Chemistry Cadmium - Slice A



Order Details

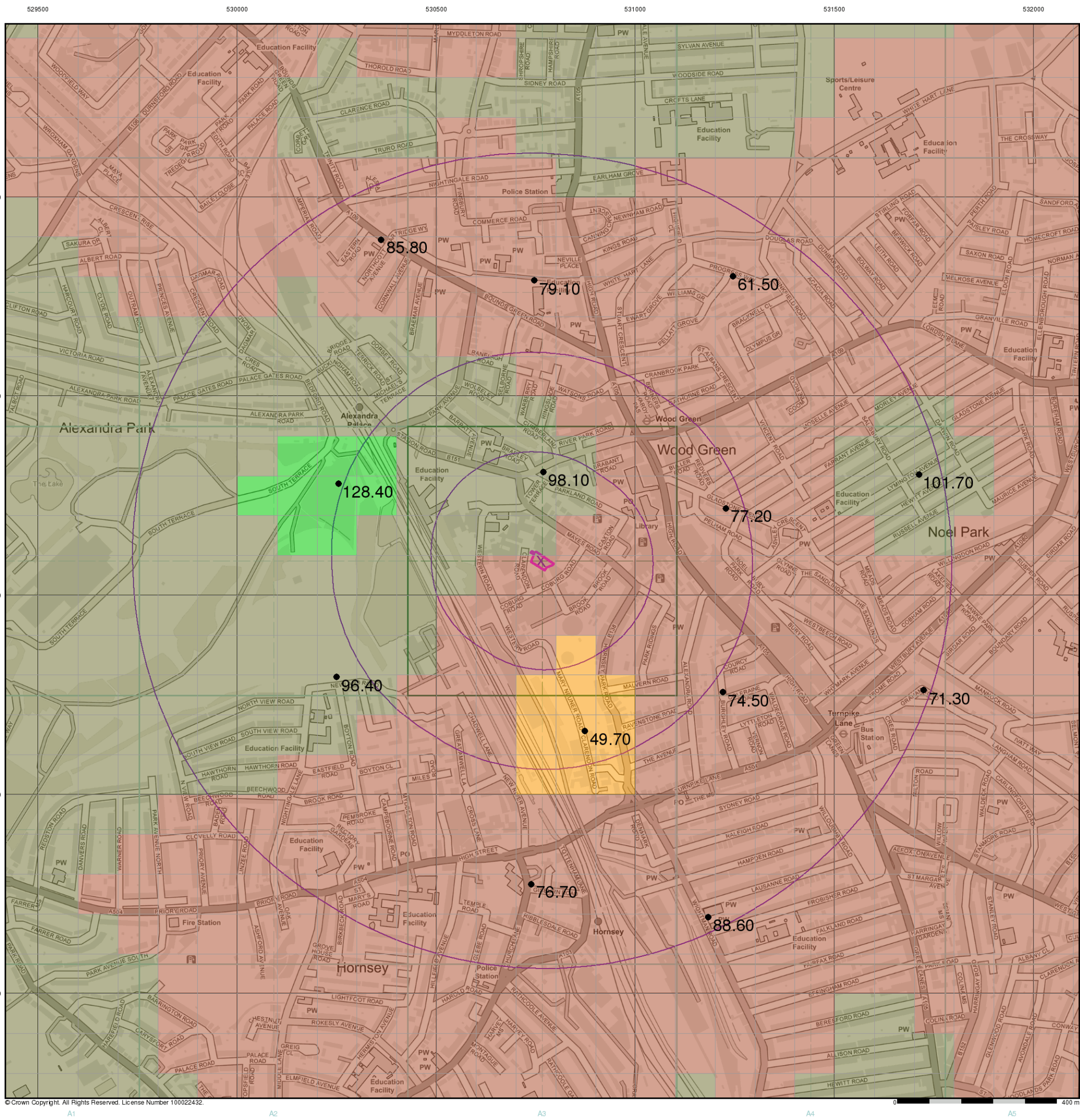
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National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
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Site Area (Ha): 0.14
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Jane How Ltd, Parma House, Clarendon Road, LONDON, N22 6UL



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Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



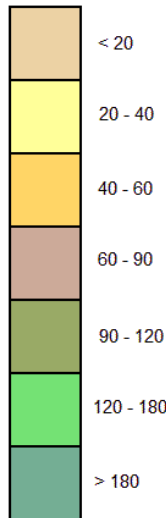
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- Specified Site
- Specified Buffer(s)
- Bearing Reference Point

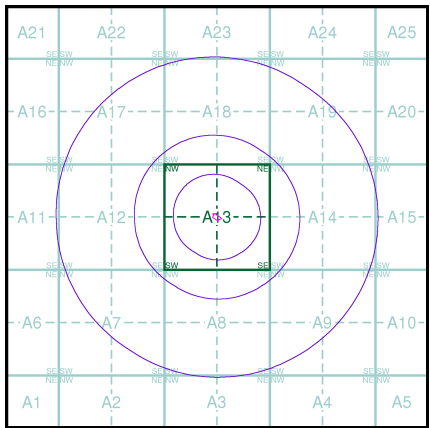
Urban Soil Chemistry Chromium

● BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Measured Concentration Values (mg/kg)

Chromium Concentrations mg/kg



Urban Soil Chemistry Chromium - Slice A



Order Details

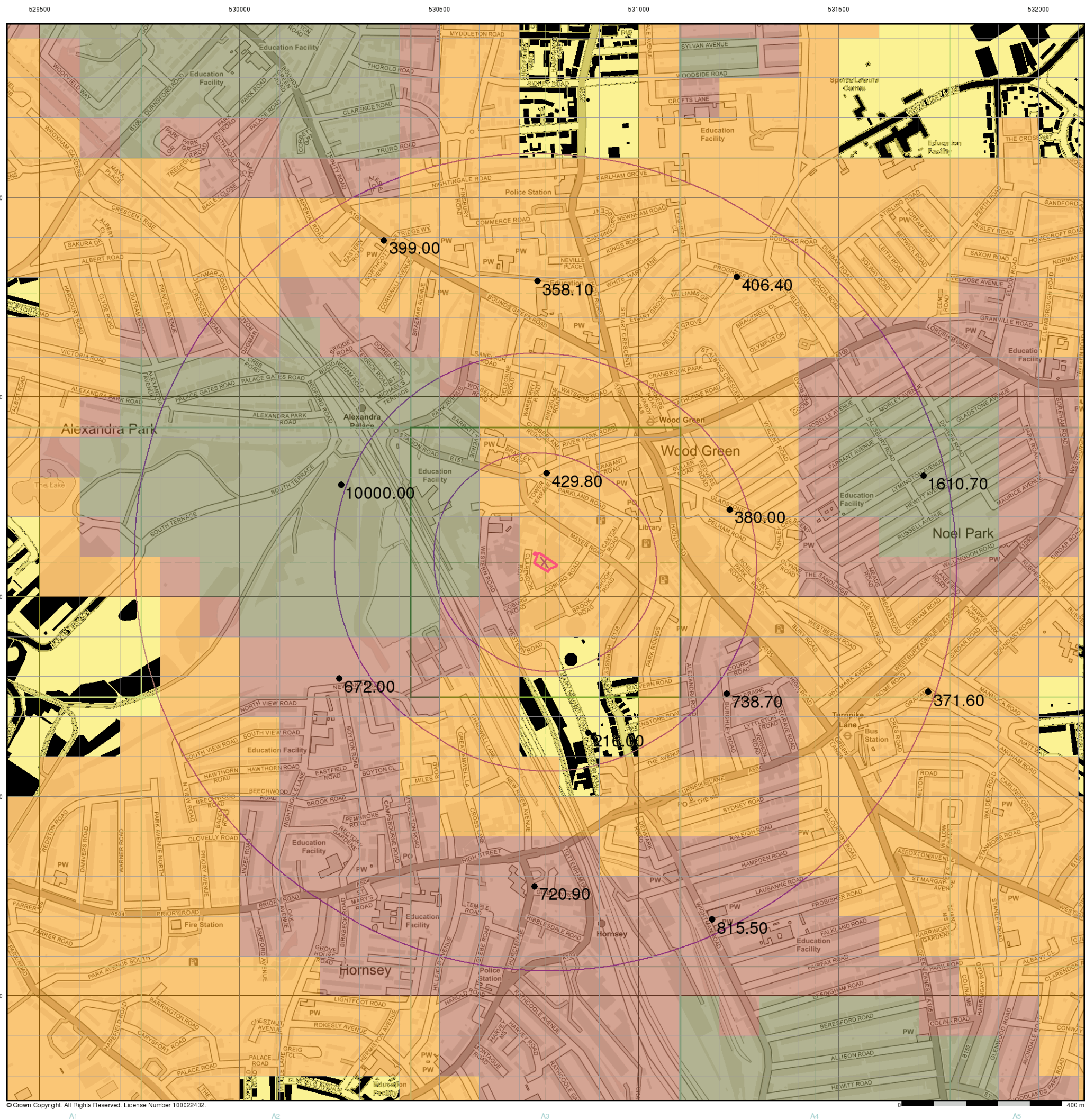
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Customer Ref: 21467/ML
National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha) 0.14
Search Buffer (m) 1000

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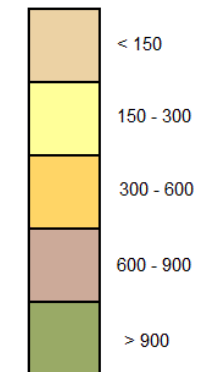
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Specified Site Specified Buffer(s) Bearing Reference Point

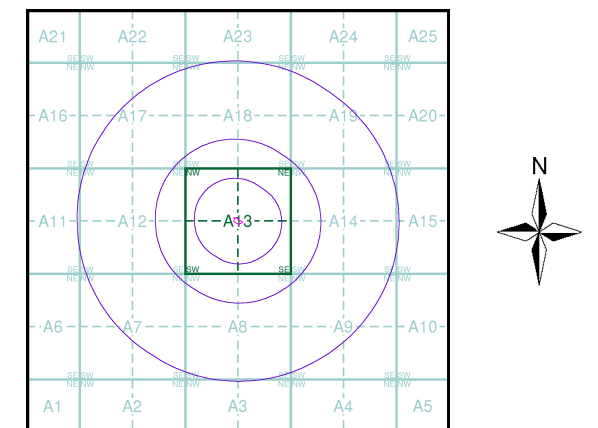
Urban Soil Chemistry Lead

BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Measured Concentration Values (mg/kg)

Lead Concentrations mg/kg



Urban Soil Chemistry Lead - Slice A



Order Details

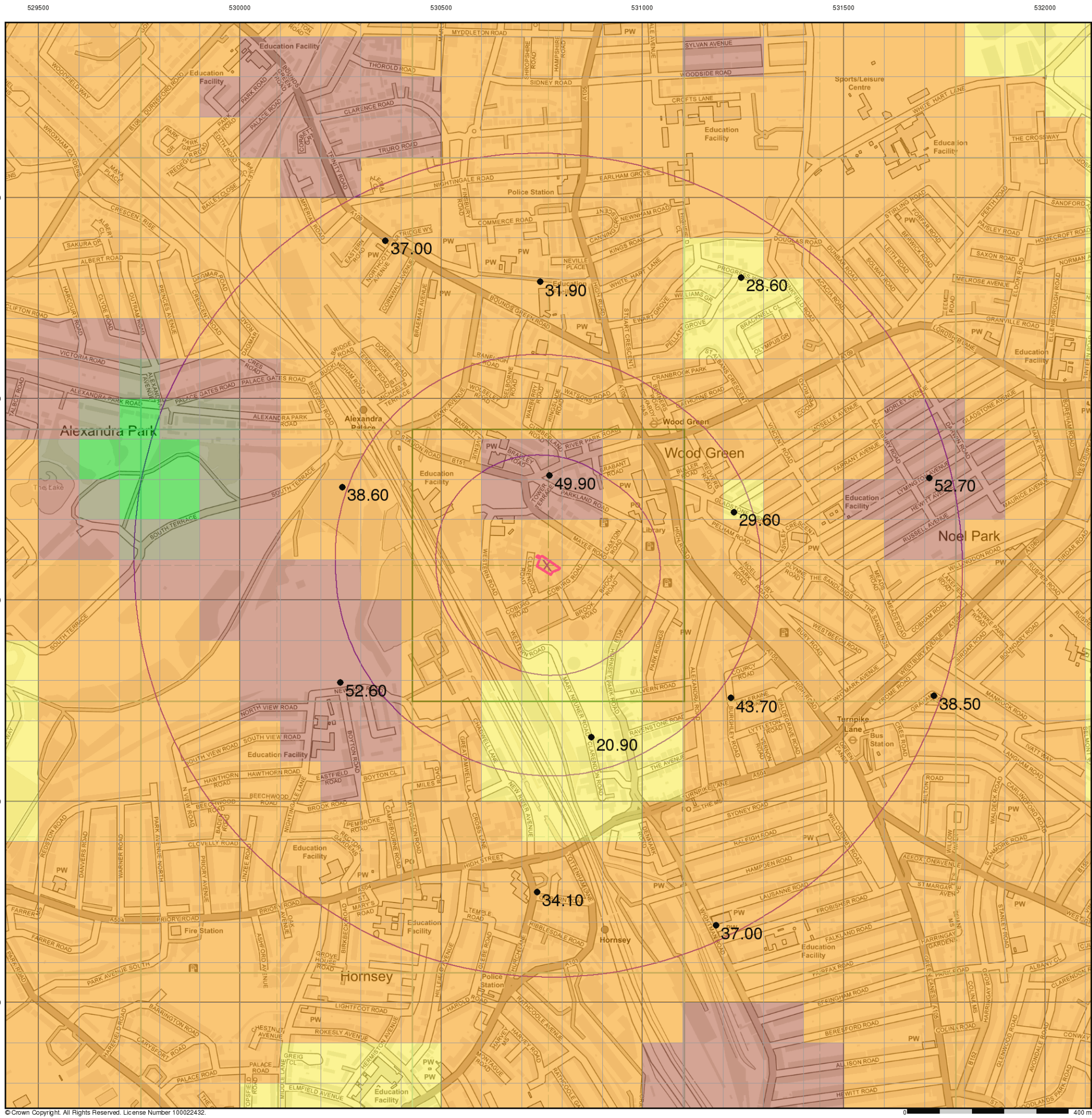
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Customer Ref: 21467/ML
National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 0.14
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

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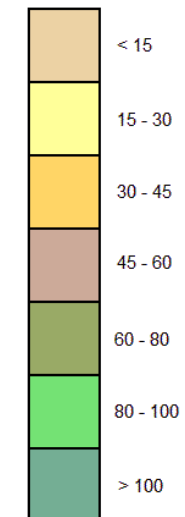
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Specified Site Specified Buffer(s) Bearing Reference Point

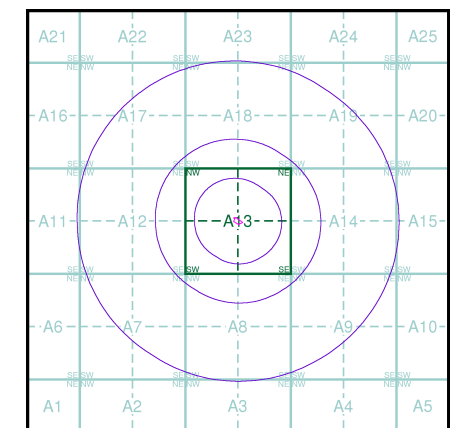
Urban Soil Chemistry Nickel

BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Measured Concentration Values (mg/kg)

Nickel Concentrations mg/kg



Urban Soil Chemistry Nickel - Slice A



Order Details

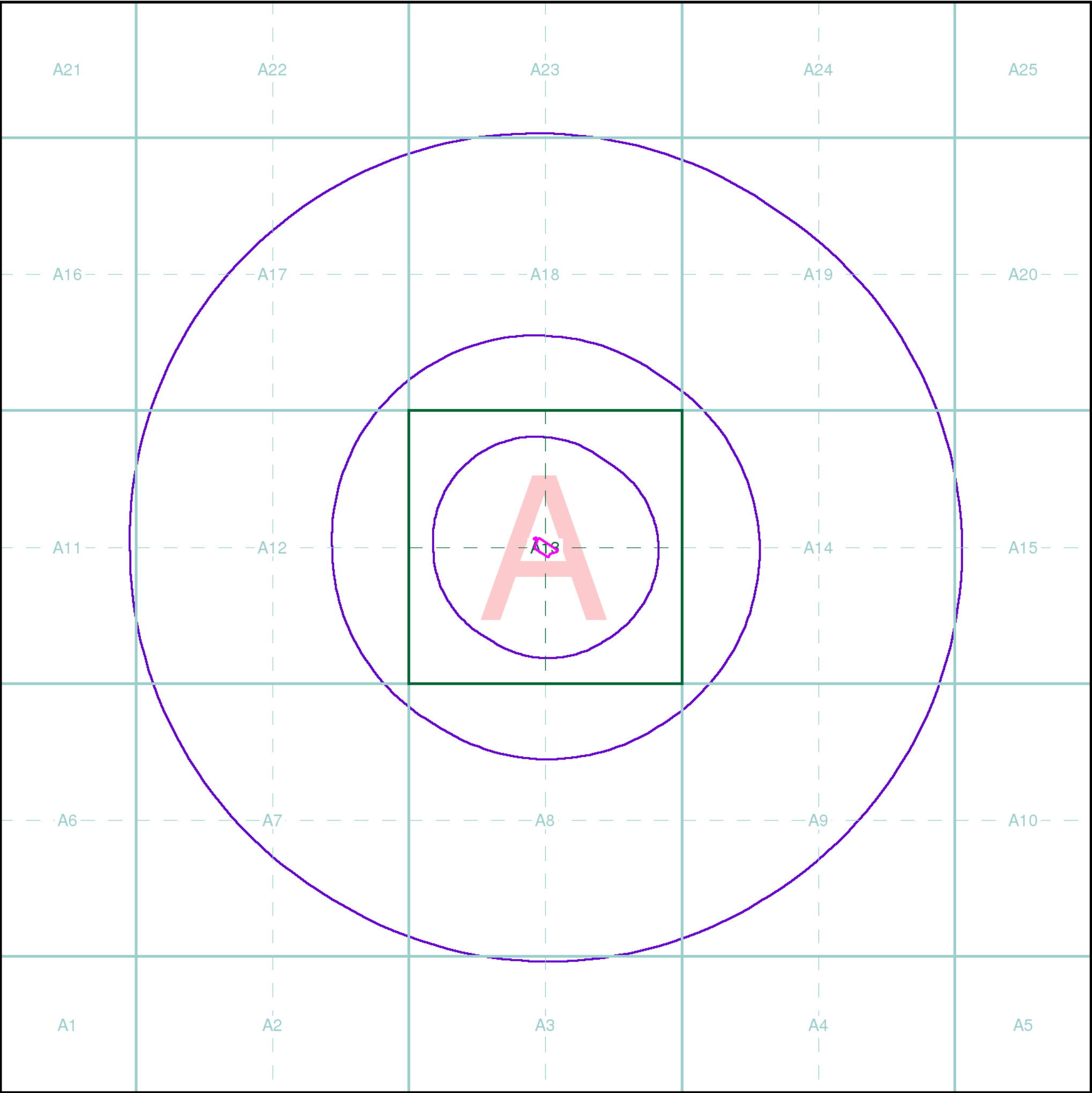
Order Details: 346821953_1_1
Customer Ref: 21467/ML
National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha) 0.14
Search Buffer (m) 1000

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Index Map

For ease of identification, your site and buffer have been split into Slices, Segments and Quadrants. These are illustrated on the Index Map opposite and explained further below.

Slice
Each slice represents a 1:10,000 plot area (2.7km x 2.7km) for your site and buffer. A large site and buffer may be made up of several slices (represented by a red outline), that are referenced by letters of the alphabet, starting from the bottom left corner of the slice "grid". This grid does not relate to National Grid lines but is designed to give best fit over the site and buffer.

Segment
A segment represents a 1:2,500 plot area. Segments that have plot files associated with them are shown in dark green, others in light blue. These are numbered from the bottom left hand corner within each slice.

Quadrant
A quadrant is a quarter of a segment. These are labelled as NW, NE, SW, SE and are referenced in the datasheet to allow features to be quickly located on plots. Therefore a feature that has a quadrant reference of A7NW will be in Slice A, Segment 7 and the NW Quadrant.

A selection of organisations who provide data within this report:



Envirocheck reports are compiled from 136 different sources of data.

Client Details
Mr N Lambert, Soils Ltd, Newton House, Cross Road, Tadworth, Surrey, KT20 5SR

Order Details
Order Number: 346821953_1_1
Customer Ref: 21467/ML
National Grid Reference: 530760, 190090
Site Area (Ha): 0.14
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details
Jane How Ltd, Parma House, Clarendon Road, LONDON, N22 6UL

Full Terms and Conditions can be found on the following link:
<http://www.landmarkinfo.co.uk/Terms/Show/515>



Appendix E Site Photographs



Photo 1: Front of the building with car park



Photo 2: Electrical substation was noted next to the car onsite



Photo 3: Car park onsite



Photo 4: Site entrance with soft landscaping along the brick wall



Photo 5: Manhole and drain were noted in the car park



Photo 6: Gully channel drains noted at the building entrance



Photo 7:	Gully channel drains noted onsite
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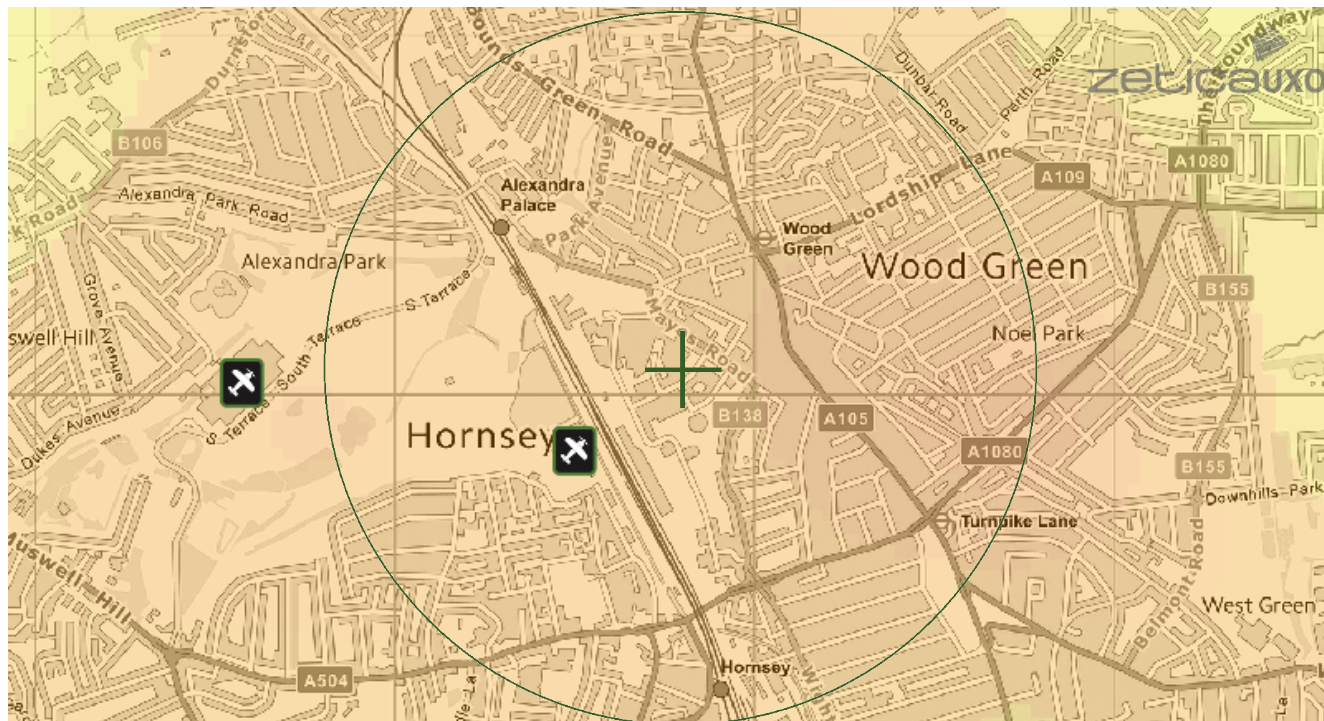
Appendix F Zetica UXO Map

UNEXPLODED BOMB RISK MAP



SITE LOCATION

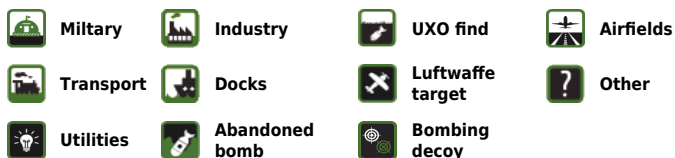
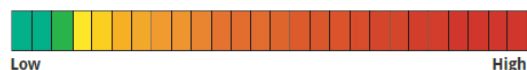
Location: N22 6UL,
Map Centre: 530765,190080



This map principally indicates a hazard from Unexploded Bombs (UXB) due to WWII bombardment. Other sources of Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) may be present. It should be noted that this map does not represent UXO risk and should not be reported as such when reproduced.

LEGEND

London Bomb Risk



How to use your Unexploded Bomb (UXB) risk map?

This map indicates the potential for UXBs to be present because of World War Two (WWII) bombing. It can be incorporated into a technical report, such as a Phase 1 Desk Study, or similar document as an indication of the potential for UXO encounter on a Site. Other sources of UXO may also be indicated, although note that these are not comprehensive and more detailed research is required to confirm their presence.

What if my Site is in a moderate or high density area?

During WWII, London was bombed more times than any other city in the UK. The bombing densities across the city are generally moderate to high in comparison to the rest of the UK.

You will receive two map downloads for sites on the boundary of London: one to demonstrate the bombing density in relation to the rest of the UK, and another to reflect the bombing density of the site in relation to the rest of London.

Typically, we recommend that a detailed UXO desk study and risk assessment is commissioned for sites in London.

Additionally, if your site is in close proximity to a strategic target, military establishment, airfield or bombing decoy, then [additional detailed research](#) is recommended.

If my site is in a low risk area, do I need to do anything?

If both the map and other research confirm that there is a low potential for UXO to be present on your site, then, subject to your own comfort and risk tolerance, works can proceed with no special precautions.

If you are unsure whether other sources of UXO may be present, you can request one of our [pre-desk study assessments \(PDSA\)](#) by emailing a site boundary and location to uxo@zetica.com.

You should never plan site work or undertake a risk assessment using these maps alone. More detail is required, to include an assessment of the likelihood of a source of UXO hazard from other military activity not reflected on these maps.

If I have any questions, who do I contact?

tel: +44 (0) 1993 886682 email: uxo@zetica.com web: www.zeticauxo.com

The information in this UXB risk map is derived from a range of sources and should be used with the [accompanying notes on our website](#).

Zetica cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information or data used and cannot accept any liability for any use of the maps. These maps can be used as part of a technical report or similar publication, subject to acknowledgement. The copyright remains with Zetica Ltd.

Appendix G Risk Assessment Criteria

The classification presented in Table G.1 to Table G.4 below are modified from, 'contaminated land risk assessment: A guide to good practice, 2001, CIRIA C552'.

Table G.1. Classification of Consequence

Classification	Definition
Severe	Short-term (acute) risk to human health likely to result in "significant harm" as defined by the Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part IIA. Short term risk of pollution (note: Water Recourses Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution) of sensitive water resource. Catastrophic damage to buildings/property. A short-term risk to a particular ecosystem (note: the definitions of ecological systems within the Draft Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000.)
Medium	Chronic damage to Human Health ("significant harm" as defined in DETR, 2000). Pollution of sensitive water recourse (note: Water Recourses Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution). A significant change in a particular ecosystem (note: the definitions of ecological systems within the Draft Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000.)
Mild	Pollution of non-sensitive water recourses. Significant damage to crops, buildings, structures and services ("significant harm" as defined in the Draft Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000.)
Minor	Harm, although not necessarily significant harm, which may result in a financial loss, or expenditure to resolve. Non-permanent health effects to human health (easily prevented by means such as personal protective clothing etc.)

Table G.2. Classification of Probability

Classification	Definition
High likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and an event that either appears very likely in the short term and almost inevitable over the long term or there is evidence at the receptors of harm or pollution.
Likely	There is a pollution linkage and all the elements are present and in the right place, which means that it is probable that an event will occur. Circumstances are such that an event is not inevitable but possible in the short term and likely over the long term.
Low likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain that even over a longer period such event would take place and is less likely in the short term.
Unlikely	There is a pollution linkage, but circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even in the long term.

Table G.3. Comparison of Consequence Against Probability

Probability	Consequence			
	Severe	Medium	Mild	Minor
High likelihood	Very high risk	High risk	Moderate risk	Moderate/low risk
Likely	High risk	Moderate risk	Moderate/low risk	Low risk
Low likelihood	Moderate risk	Moderate/low risk	Low risk	Very low risk
Unlikely	Moderate risk	Low risk	Very low risk	Very low risk

Table G.4. Risk Classifications

Very High	There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard at the site without remediation action OR there is evidence that severe harm to a designated receptor is already occurring. Realisation of that risk is likely to present a substantial liability to be site owner/or occupier. Investigation is required as a matter of urgency and remediation works likely to follow in the short-term.
High	Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard at the site without remediation action. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability to the site owner/or occupier. Investigation is required as a matter of urgency to clarify the risk. Remediation works may be necessary in the short-term and are likely over the longer term.
Moderate	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. However, it is either relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, and if any harm were to occur it is more likely, that the harm would be relatively mild. Further investigative work is normally required to clarify the risk and to determine the potential liability to site owner/occupier. Some remediation works may be required in the longer term.
Low	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from identified hazard, but it is likely at worst, that this harm if realised would normally be mild. It is unlikely that the site owner/or occupier would face substantial liabilities from such a risk. Further investigative work (which is likely to be limited) to clarify the risk may be required. Any subsequent remediation works are likely to be relatively limited.
Very low	There is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised it is not likely to be severe.
None	No potential risk if no pollution linkage has been established.

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